Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)
Installation Instructions

The Daintree Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN) forms part of Daintree’s Controlscope Manager (CSM) in commercial and industrial buildings. It transmits and receives messages over the wireless ZigBee® network and controls lights.

Fixture adapters are AC powered devices that provide On/Off switching as well as 0-10V analog dimming control for ballasts and LED drivers. The WFA100-SN also provides power and signal connections for low voltage occupancy sensors and photosensors (daylight harvesters). The WFA100-SN automatically configures itself for the type of sensor(s) connected to it.

The WFA100-SN provides the wireless adaptation that enables connected devices to communicate with the rest of the wireless lighting control solution. The adapter also serves as a communication router in the ZigBee wireless mesh network. Control signals pass between the adapter and the Wireless Area Controller in the CSM network.

Installation Process

1. **Disconnect power before installation.** Turn off all power to affected light fixtures by turning off circuit breakers. Confirm that power is off at all light fixtures before continuing installation.

2. **IMPORTANT:** Use the provided Fixture and Plan labels to identify the wireless-adapted fixture location. Attach the **Fixture** label to the outside of the fixture. Attach the **Plan** label at the fixture location on the facility floor plan.

3. Mount the WFA100-SN in the ballast cavity of the fixture. See **Mounting** (page 10).

4. Connect low voltage wiring from the WFA100-SN to the ballast, and sensors as appropriate for your application. See **Wiring** (pages 2-9).

5. Connect line voltage wiring from the supply circuit to the WFA100-SN and from the WFA100-SN to the ballast. See **Wiring**.

6. Check load circuits then turn on the circuit breakers to power up the WFA100-SN. The light connected to the WFA100-SN turns On when power is initially applied (and when power is restored after a power failure).

7. Ensure the WFA100-SN green **Power** LED is On.

8. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green **Joined** LED and the red **Error** LEDs begin flashing.

9. Perform the installation test appropriate for your application. See **Installation Tests** (pages 9-10).
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Occupancy Sensor Time Delays
If an occupancy sensor is connected to the WFA100-SN, the time delay must be set for minimum. When the ControlScope lighting control network is commissioned, time delays are set in the Daintree CSM system. These CSM “Off delays” start counting down after the sensor’s internal time delay expires. Therefore, set the occupancy sensor for the minimum time delay during the WFA100-SN installation.

Wiring
Line voltage wiring connects to the electrical supply circuit and to the ballast(s). Low voltage terminals provide connections for 0-10VDC dimming control signals to dimming ballasts. The WFA100-SN low voltage terminals also supply low voltage power and carry control signals from low voltage occupancy sensors and photocells.

While the WFA100-SN is in Installation Test mode, the low voltage devices directly control the lights wired to the same WFA100-SN. After you exit Installation Test mode, the lights turn On and are NOT controlled by the devices connected to the WFA100-SN.

After joining the wireless network, the control signals from the low voltage devices pass through the WFA100-SN and are sent wirelessly to the ControlScope network. Depending on the zone and device configuration in CSM, wireless signals from the WAC to the WFA100-SN determine operation of the lights.

Design Caution
Do not install a wireless adapter such as the WFA100-SN to control an electrical circuit that provides power to other wireless devices or adapters. If power to wireless adapters or devices is shut off, control and communication with them is disabled.

Fig. 2: WFA100-SN Features
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

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Fig. 3: WFA100-SN Terminals

- **LOW VOLTAGE**
  - Red: 24VDC supply output
  - Orange: 0-10VDC Photo Sensor input
  - Blue: Digital Occupancy Sensor input
  - Gray: Digital Ground

- **LINE VOLTAGE INPUT**
  - White: Neutral
  - Black: Line/Hot

- **ISOLATED RELAY OUTPUT TO LOAD**
  - Red: Normally Open (N/O)
  - Yellow: Normally Closed (N/C)
  - Black: Common

- **LOW VOLTAGE DIMMING OUTPUT**
  - Violet
  - Gray
  - Jumper Violet to Gray if no occupancy sensor
  - Jumper Blue to Gray if no occupancy sensor

- **Strip wires 0.35” (8.5-9.5mm)**

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**CAUTION: Risk of electrical shock**

- Disconnect all power before installation.
- All installation and maintenance of line voltage equipment must be performed by a qualified electrician.
- The WFA100-SN must be installed in accordance with all local, state, and national electrical codes and requirements.
- Wiring connectors are not supplied. UL recognized wiring connectors must be used in the installation.

- Each terminal can accept one conductor only. Connect only one 4AWG to 16AWG (0.2-1.5 mm) wire to any terminal.

**CLASS 2 WIRING:** All field wiring shall be suitable for Class 1, Electric Light and Power, or Class 2, 3 wirings are routed separately and secured to maintain separation between:
1) Class 2 wiring and all other class wiring, and
2) limited energy circuit conductors from unlimited energy circuit conductors.

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Fig. 4: Dimming Ballasts

Remove the jumper from the violet and gray terminals before connecting the 0-10V dimming control wires.

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Perform Installation Test Suite 1

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![Diagram of WFA100-SN Terminals and Dimming Ballasts]
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 5: On/Off (non-dimming) Ballasts

Perform Installation Test Suite 1

Jumper Blue to Gray (no occupancy sensor)

WFA100-SN

ON/OFF Switching Ballast

ON/OFF Switching Ballast

Switched Hot (Line Voltage)
Neutral (Line Voltage)
Switched Hot (Line Voltage)
Neutral (Line Voltage)
WHITE Neutral (Line Voltage)
BLACK Hot 120-277VAC (Line Voltage)

Fig. 6: On/Off (non-dimming) Ballasts, Occupancy Sensor configuration

This configuration allows the WFA100-SN to provide automatic On/Off switching of ballasts and provides an occupancy sensor input. Set the occupancy sensor for the minimum time delay.

Perform Installation Test Suite 2

GRAY (Digital Ground)
BLUE (Digital Input)
RED (24VDC Out)

24VDC Occupancy Sensor

ON/OFF Switching Ballast

ON/OFF Switching Ballast

Switched Hot (Line Voltage)
Neutral (Line Voltage)

WHITE Neutral (Line Voltage)
BLACK Hot 120-277VAC (Line Voltage)
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 7: Dimming Ballast(s), Occupancy Sensor configuration

This configuration allows the WFA100-SN to provide automatic 0-10V dimming control and to switch ballasts On/Off. It also provides an occupancy sensor input. Set occupancy sensor for minimum time delay. **Remove the jumper from the violet and gray terminals before connecting the 0-10V dimming control wires. Remove the jumper from the blue and gray terminals before connecting the occupancy sensor wires.**
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 8: Dimming Ballast(s), Photosensor configuration

This configuration allows the WFA100-SN to provide automatic 0-10V dimming control and to switch ballasts On/Off. It also provides an analog photosensor input (0-10V). **Remove the jumper from the violet and gray terminals before connecting the 0-10V dimming control wires**.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 9: Dimming Ballast(s), Photosensor, Occupancy Sensor configuration

This configuration allows the WFA100-SN to provide automatic 0-10V dimming control and to switch ballasts On/Off. It also provides an occupancy sensor input and an analog photosensor input (0-10V). Set occupancy sensor for minimum time delay. **Remove the jumper from the violet and gray terminals before connecting the 0-10V dimming control wires. Remove the jumper from the blue and gray terminals before connecting the occupancy sensor wires.**

Perform Installation Test Suite 4
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 10: Bypass WFA100 switched power and 0-10V dimming control during power failure

In the wiring diagram below, the WFA100-SN is powered by the Emergency power circuit.

Regular power is brought into the fixture from an adjacent fixture and connects to the RRU-X-UM.

While Regular power is supplied to the RRU-X-UM the WFA100-SN provides switched On/Off power to the fixture and controls dimming.

When the RRU-X-UM senses loss of Regular power, it passes Emergency power directly to the fixture and disconnects the WFA100-SN switched output. Loss of Regular power to the RRU-X-UM disables the WFA100-SN dimming control and the fixture will operate at maximum output.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Fig. 11: Emergency Fixture and Regular Fixture: Wiring to Dim while Regular Power is Available

In the wiring diagram below, the WFA100-SN is powered by the Regular power circuit and is installed inside the Regular Fixture.

While Regular power is supplied to the RRU-2, the WFA100-SN provides switched On/Off power to the Regular Fixture ballast. The WFA100-SN also controls dimming to the Regular Fixture and the Emergency Fixture.

The Emergency Fixture is powered by the Emergency power circuit.

The 0-10V dimming circuit from the WFA100-SN is brought into the Emergency Fixture.

When the RRU-2 senses loss of Regular power, the RRU-2 disconnects the 0-10V output from the WFA100-SN and the ballast will operate at maximum output from the Emergency power circuit. (If the RRU-2 is not installed, the Emergency Fixture will dim to minimum because the WFA100-SN 0-10V output shorts when the adapter loses power.)

Perform Installation Test appropriate to connected sensors.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Mounting
The WFA100-SN is designed to be mounted inside a light fixture. Typically, it is mounted in the ballast channel using two screws.

Fig. 12: Mounting in ballast channel
A bar code label with the WFA100-SN’s full IEEE address on it is included with the WFA100-SN. This is the Fixture label. Affix this label to the outside of the fixture.

Choose a standard location so that when someone looks for fixtures containing an adapter, they will know where to look for the IEEE address bar code label.

Fig. 13: Mounting Template (observe measurements, illustration may not be actual size).

Important Notices
Complete Installation Tests
Successful commissioning is dependent on testing each wireless-adapted lighting fixture and control device at the time of installation. Finding installation issues or device problems earlier saves significant time during the commissioning process.

Record IEEE Addresses
If you have not already done so, be sure that each adapter’s IEEE address (last 4 or 5 digits) is recorded on the facility floor plan. You can use the 4 or 5 digit Plan label supplied with the adapter or you can write the last 4 or 5 digits on the floor plan. This information will be used during the commissioning process.

After the system installation is complete, a marked-up copy of the facility floor plan showing the identity and location of each wireless adapter (including associated sensors) should be available. This will simplify and expedite the commissioning process.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Installation Tests
All lighting devices, including wireless adapters must be tested for proper operation.

After mounting, wiring low voltage, wiring line voltage, powering up and resetting the unit, perform the recommended Installation Test. The Installation Test mode automatically times out after 5 minutes of no activity.

While the WFA100-SN is in Installation Test mode, the low voltage devices connected to the WFA100-SN directly control the lights wired to the same WFA100-SN. After you exit Installation Test mode, the lights turn On and are NOT controlled by the devices connected to the WFA100-SN. After commissioning the ControlScope system, lighting control is determined by configuration settings in the ControlScope Manager.

Test Suite 1:

**Dimming or On/Off Ballasts Only**
1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes once, then pauses and repeats.
2. Check that the connected lights cycle On and Off, or cycle from maximum to minimum brightness then turn Off, then repeat the cycle.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
4. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.

Test Suite 2:

**Dimming or On/Off Ballasts Only**
1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes once, then pauses and repeats.
2. Check that the connected lights cycle On and Off, or cycle from maximum to minimum brightness then turn Off, then repeat the cycle.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button again. The red Error LED flashes twice, then pauses and repeats.
4. Trigger the occupancy sensor. The light connected to the ballast turns On. When the sensor times out the light turns Off.
5. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
6. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Test Suite 3:

**Dimming or On/Off Ballast + Photosensor**

1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes once, then pauses and repeats.
2. Check that the connected lights cycle On and Off, or cycle from maximum to minimum brightness then turn Off, then repeat the cycle.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button again. The red Error LED flashes three times, then pauses and repeats.
4. The light connected to the ballast turns On.
5. Increase the amount of light at the photosensor by shining a bright light at it. The light dims to minimum brightness, then ramps up to full brightness after 2 seconds. For switched lights, the On/Off cycle takes 3 seconds. Maintaining the bright light at the photosensor causes the dimming or On/Off cycle to repeat periodically.
6. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
7. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.

Test Suite 4:

**Dimming or On/Off Ballast + Occupancy Sensor + Photosensor**

1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes once, then pauses and repeats.
2. Check that the connected lights cycle On and Off, or cycle from maximum to minimum brightness then turn Off, then repeat the cycle.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes twice, then pauses and repeats.
4. Trigger the occupancy sensor. The green Joined LED turns On and the light connected to the ballast turns On. When the sensor times out the Joined LED and light turns Off.
5. Press and immediately release the Reset button again. The red Error LED flashes three times, then pauses and repeats.
6. The light connected to the ballast turns On.
7. Increase the amount of light at the photosensor by shining a bright light at it. The light dims to minimum brightness, then ramps up to full brightness after 2 seconds. For switched lights, the On/Off cycle takes 3 seconds. Maintaining the bright light at the photosensor causes the dimming or On/Off cycle to repeat periodically.
8. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
9. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

Test Suite 5:

**Occupancy Sensor Only**
1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes twice, then pauses and repeats.
2. Trigger the occupancy sensor. The green Joined LED turns On. When the sensor times out the Joined LED turns Off.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
4. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.

Test Suite 6:

**Photosensor Only**
1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes three times, then pauses and repeats.
2. The green Joined LED begins to flash. Increase the amount of light at the photosensor by shining a bright light at it. The green Joined LED flashes at a faster rate.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
4. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.

Test Suite 7:

**Occupancy Sensor + Photosensor**
1. Press and immediately release the Reset button. The red Error LED flashes twice, then pauses and repeats.
2. Trigger the occupancy sensor. The green Joined LED turns On. When the sensor times out the Joined LED turns Off.
3. Press and immediately release the Reset button again. The red Error LED flashes three times, then pauses and repeats.
4. The green Joined LED begins to flash. Increase the amount of light at the photosensor by shining a bright light at it. The green Joined LED flashes at a faster rate.
5. Press and immediately release the Reset button to exit testing.
6. Press and hold the Reset button on the WFA100-SN for 3 seconds to reset it. Release the button when the green Joined LED and the red Error LEDs begin flashing.
Joining the Zigbee Lighting Control Network

After successfully completing the Installation Test the adapter is ready to communicate with the Daintree Wireless Area Controller (WAC) and the Daintree ControlScope Manager (CSM) web-based lighting management user interface. Upon commissioning, the adapter’s “Join” LED turns on solid and remains on as long as the adapter is included in the ZigBee Network.

After joining the network, the low voltage devices connected to the adapter do not directly control the lights that are wired to the same adapter. The control signals from the low voltage devices pass through the adapter and are sent wirelessly to the ControlScope network. Depending on the zone and device configuration in the CSM, wireless signals from the WAC to the adapter determine the operation of the lights.

For more information about configuring the lighting control network, see the instructions and on-line help provided with the ControlScope Manager application.

Troubleshooting

The Installation Test procedure fails.

1. Confirm that the WFA100-SN is powered.
2. Check the connections from the WFA100-SN to the ballast(s) and low voltage control devices.
3. Check to be sure the factory installed jumpers on the WFA100-SN are either in place or removed as appropriate for the connected devices.
   - If connected to a 0-10V dimming ballast, remove the jumper from the Violet and Gray terminals.
   - If not connected to a 0-10V dimming ballast, be sure the jumper is connected between the Violet and Gray terminals.
   - If connected to an occupancy sensor, remove the jumper from the Blue and Gray terminals.
   - If not connected to an occupancy sensor, be sure the jumper is connected between the Blue and Gray terminals.
4. Press and hold the Reset button for 3 seconds to reset the adapter.
5. Perform the Installation Test again.

Connected lights do not turn Off during the occupancy sensor Installation Test.

1. Make sure the sensor is not detecting occupancy.
2. Check the occupancy sensor time delay and make sure it is set for minimum.

When the ControlScope lighting control network is commissioned, time delays are set in the Daintree CSM system. These CSM “Off delays” start counting down after the sensor’s internal time delay expires. Therefore, set occupancy sensors for the minimum time delay during the WFA100-SN installation.
Wireless Fixture Adapter (WFA100-SN)

**CE Warning message**
Sensor (occupancy and photo) wiring lengths above 3m were not considered for immunity.

**FCC warning message**
This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and radiates radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna;
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver;
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected;
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input Voltage</strong></td>
<td>120-277VAC, 50-60Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Isolated Relay</strong></td>
<td>N/O and N/C contacts Load: 3A@120VAC-277VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Load Types</strong></td>
<td>Electronic Ballast, General Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Low Voltage Output</strong></td>
<td>24VDC, 35mA max</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Analog Dimming Output</strong></td>
<td>22AWG, 600V, UL 1015, plenum rated Max. recommended length of up to 100’ (30m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Analog Photosensor Input</strong></td>
<td>0-10VDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Analog Input</strong></td>
<td>Photosensor 0-10VDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Digital Input</strong></td>
<td>Active high occupancy sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Radio Properties</strong></td>
<td>2.4 GHz, +8 dBm, Range dependent on RF propagation variables such as metal obstacles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Environment</strong></td>
<td>Indoor, dry location -130 to +158°F (-250 to +70°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Compliance</strong></td>
<td>UL, FCC Part 15, CE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mounting</strong></td>
<td>Inside fixture, or enclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions</strong></td>
<td>1.18” W x 0.98” H x 7.03” L (30mm W x 25mm H x 178.5mm L)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* References to “ballast” include LED drivers, general use loads.

### Installation Instructions

**WFA100**

Each terminal can accept one conductor only. Connect only one 24AWG to 16AWG (0.2 -1.5mm²) wire to any terminal locations showing normal/emergency.